

# BIDDING WHEN COST IS UNCERTAIN: EVIDENCE FROM FRESH PRODUCE PROCUREMENT AUCTIONS \*

**Cinthia Konichi-Paulo<sup>†</sup>**

November 13, 2015

[Click here for latest version<sup>1</sup>](#)

## **Abstract**

This paper empirically analyzes procurement auctions in which suppliers must decide their bid based on expectations about how future market conditions will affect their costs. While previous literature has focused on the uncertainty about winning or losing the auction, I examine the risk that is intrinsic to the contract. I use data from government procurement auctions in the State of Sao Paulo in Brazil for fresh produce to study the effect of contract risk on auction outcomes. I find that suppliers are risk averse and therefore include a risk premium in the prices they bid, which can reach 38% of the price for some goods. In addition, I show that a simple change in the payment scheme, in which the government pays a fixed amount plus 40% of the reference index of wholesale prices, could reduce the risk premium to less than 1% of the bid price for all goods analyzed.

---

\*I want to thank Joe Harrington, Mike Abito and Katja Seim for invaluable advice, guidance and encouragement throughout this project. I would also like to thank Santosh Anagol, Eduardo Azevedo, Olivier Darmouni, Paul Grieco, Brent Hickman, Jakub Kastl, Andrea Pozzi, Pedro Olea and Sharon Traiberman. I benefited from comments and suggestions by seminar participants at the Business Economics and Public Policy Student Workshop, the Industrial Organization Workshop, the Applied Economics Seminar and the University of São Paulo Economics Department Seminar.

<sup>†</sup>The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, 3620 Locust Walk, 3043 Steinberg-Dietrich Hall, Philadelphia, PA 19104, cinthiak@wharton.upenn.edu.

<sup>1</sup><https://bepp.wharton.upenn.edu/profile/1739/>